

Emergency Preparedness for Mass Casualty Events SD Post-Test

- 1) The practice of medicine in disasters includes all of the following strategies, EXCEPT _____.
 - a) triage of victims
 - b) economizing resources
 - c) doing the greatest good for the individual patient
 - d) mass evacuation

- 2) Amantidine and neuraminidase inhibitors are administered to treat and prevent which of the following conditions?
 - a) Influenza
 - b) Hemorrhagic fever
 - c) Smallpox
 - d) Pneumonic plague

- 3) Which of the following conditions has a virus as the etiologic agent?
 - a) Anthrax
 - b) Pneumonic plague
 - c) Smallpox
 - d) Tularemia

- 4) Which of the following conditions can humans acquire from animals?
 - a) Anthrax
 - b) Tularemia
 - c) Plague
 - d) All of the above

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- 5) Strict isolation of victims is required for all of the following conditions, EXCEPT ____.
- a) Marburg viral fever
 - b) smallpox
 - c) anthrax
 - d) influenza
- 6) Which of the following therapeutic procedures pose a high risk to caregivers when they are applied to patients with communicable respiratory infections?
- a) Aerosol therapy
 - b) Endotracheal intubation
 - c) Noninvasive positive pressure ventilation
 - d) All of the above
- 7) Which type of chemical agent requires massive doses of atropine for treatment?
- a) Blister agents
 - b) Nerve agents
 - c) Blood agents
 - d) Lung damaging agents
- 8) Victims of ____ are likely to require respiratory management for pulmonary contusions, bronchopulmonary fistulae, and/or acute lung injury.
- a) blast injuries
 - b) radiation injuries
 - c) blood agents
 - d) blistering agents

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- 9) Which of the following statements does NOT correctly apply to Project XTREME?
- a) Its goal is to replace respiratory therapists
 - b) Other healthcare providers are cross-trained in basic respiratory care procedures
 - c) It is a Federal Government project
 - d) Project training modules include mechanical ventilation
- 10) Which type of ventilator is NOT suitable as a contingency ventilator for mass-casualty events?
- a) Anesthesia ventilator
 - b) Noninvasive positive-pressure ventilator
 - c) Transport ventilator
 - d) Bag-valve ventilator