

Exploring *Non-Traditional Settings* in Mechanical Ventilation: Fine-Tuning Beyond Ordered Parameters

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Objectives

1. Understand the **concept of non-traditional**, “boutique” **ventilator settings** and how they differ from conventional ventilator settings in managing patient care.
2. Identify key parameters of non-traditional ventilator modes and settings, including **their indications and benefits** for specific patient populations.
3. Apply critical thinking to **determine when to consider** and implement boutique ventilator settings in clinical practice to optimize respiratory support and patient outcomes.

Have you
ever been
here?

What the...?



We **will not** be addressing special maneuvers or respiratory mechanics acquisition functions

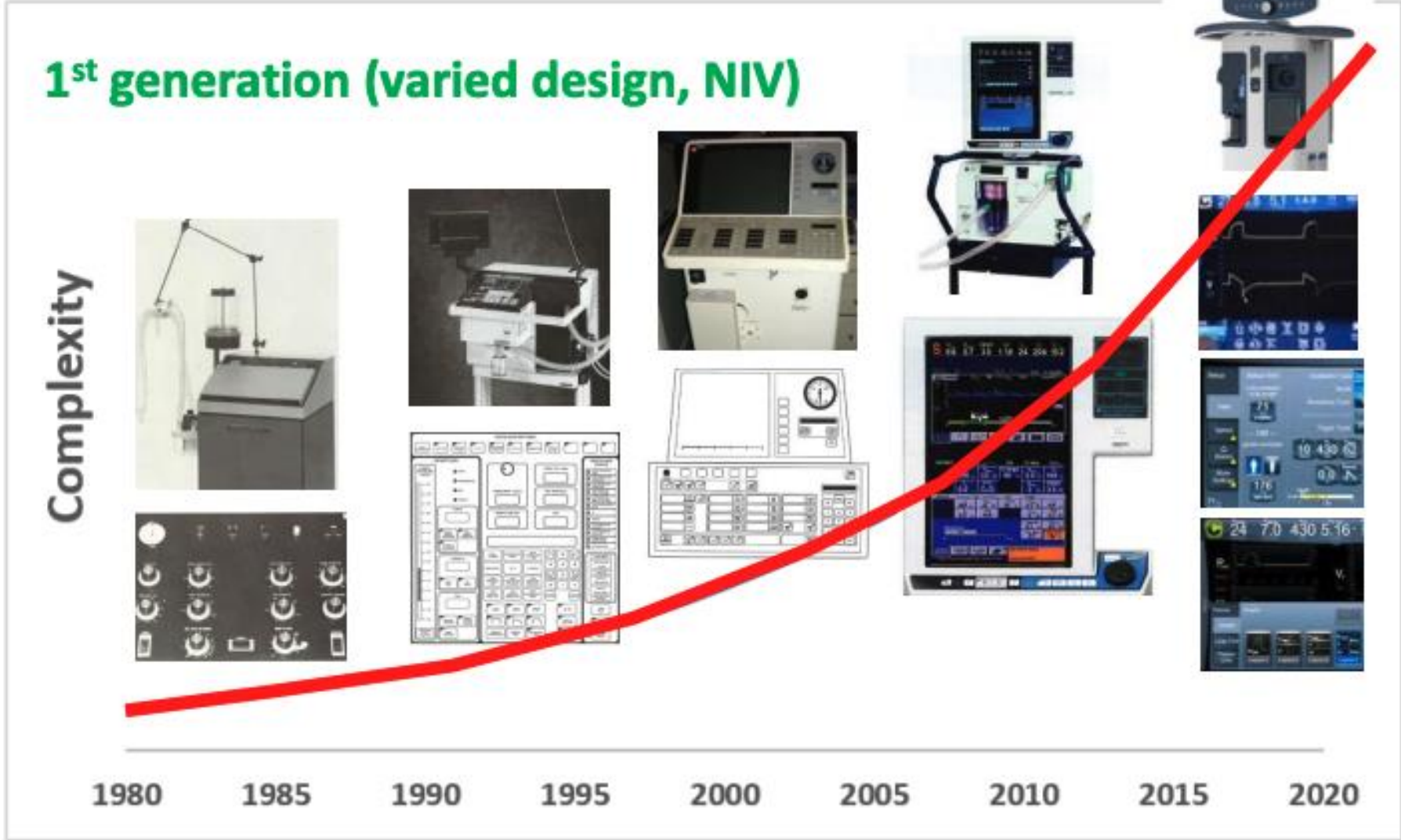
- ❑ Inspiratory Pause = Plateau Pressure Measurement
- ❑ Expiratory Pause = Total PEEP (Auto-PEEP) Measurement
- ❑ NIF Maneuver = Maximum Inspiratory Pressure Measurement
- ❑ $P_{0.1}$ Maneuver = Occlusion Pressure Measurement
- ❑ VC Maneuver = Vital Capacity Measurement

Disclaimer

Various ventilators, products, and similar items may be displayed **solely for discussion and illustrative purposes**. There is no intention to suggest that any specific device is preferred or superior to others. The images are provided for reference and to support the learning experience.

Non-traditional, “boutique” settings may not be acutely impactful over ABG’s as much as potentially impactful over patient synchrony & comfort





2nd gen

3rd gen

4th gen

5th gen

6th gen

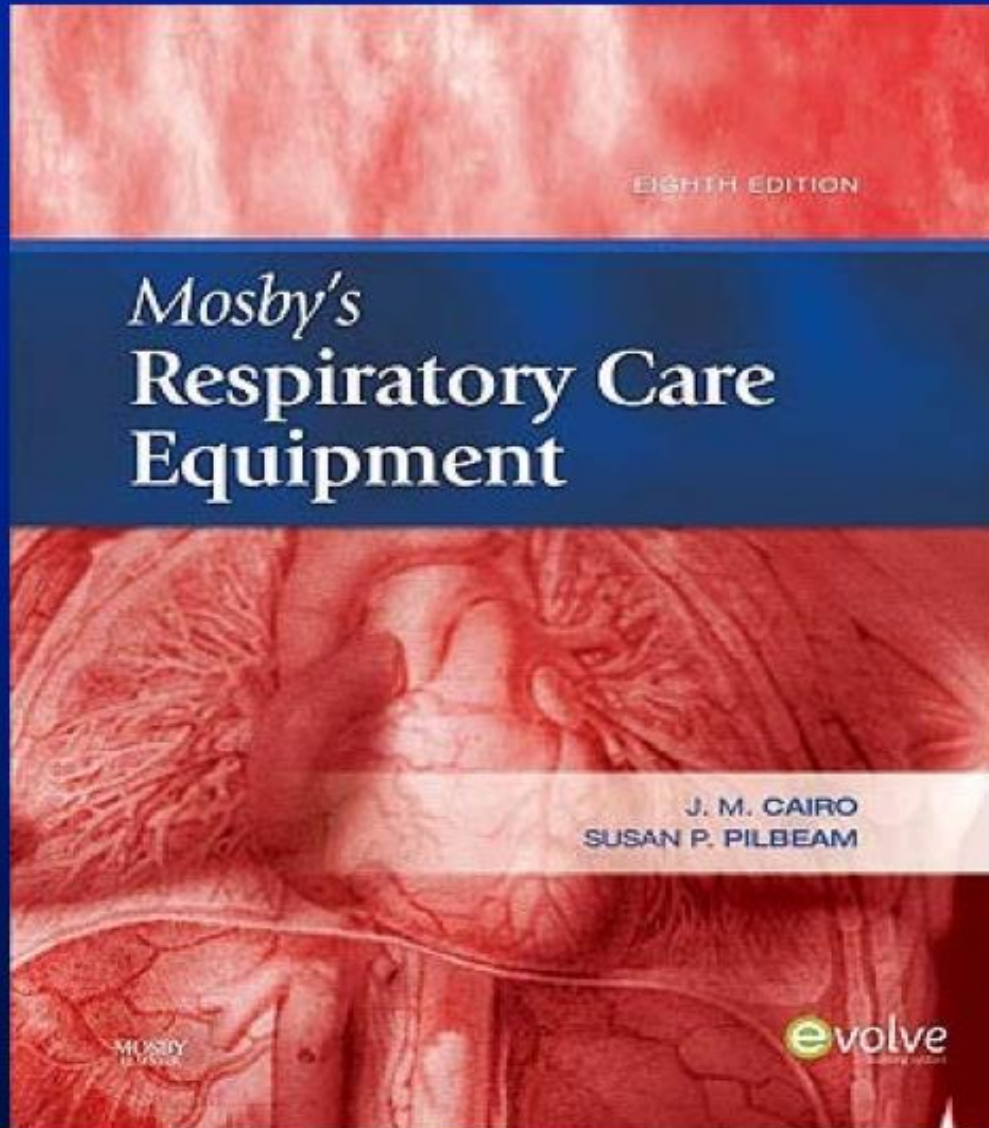
Source: (with permission) Prof. R. Chatburn, Respiratory Institute, Cleveland Clinic



NOMENCLATURE

- ⦿ Non-universal
- ⦿ Vague
- ⦿ Categorical vs. Actual Mode

VENTILATOR
MODES AND BREATH TYPES




- ✓ Fifty Six names of modes
- ✓ Twenty four unique modes
- ✓ Proprietary nomenclature

Courtesy: Dr. Jeffrey L. Johnson, Denver Health

The Complexities of Mechanical Ventilation: Toppling the Tower of Babel

Robert L Chatburn

RESPIRATORY CARE • JUNE 2023 VOL 68 No 6



most recent equipment book⁴ lists almost 500 unique names for modes on 55 different ventilators. It is not uncommon for ICU ventilators to have dozens of modes. (Indeed, on one ventilator I have documented 75 different names for modes, whereas the operator's manual only identifies 16.) And yet there are certainly not over 500 modes that are actually distinct according to a formal classification scheme. In this textbook, which classifies all modes on all ventilators according to a formal taxonomy, there are only 74 unique modes. A taxonomy is a classification system. I intend to convince the reader that mode classification is the first step in bridging the knowledge gap created by advanced technology.



PAUCEK AND LAGE RESTAURANT

FOOD MENU

Grilled Salmon

\$18.99

Fresh salmon fillet seasoned with herbs and grilled to perfection, served with a side of roasted vegetables and lemon-butter sauce.



Vegetable Pad Thai

\$13.99

Stir-fried rice noodles with a medley of fresh vegetables, tofu, bean sprouts, and peanuts, tossed in a tangy tamarind sauce and garnished with cilantro and lime wedges.



Mushroom Risotto

\$14.99

Creamy rice cooked with savory mushrooms, garlic, shallots, and Parmesan cheese, finished with a drizzle of truffle oil and fresh parsley.



Grilled Chicken

\$12.99

Grilled chicken breast served atop crisp lettuce, tossed with dressing, shaved cheese, garlic croutons, and cherry tomatoes.



Classic Beef

\$16.99

Layers of rich tomato sauce, seasoned ground beef, lasagna noodles, and creamy béchamel sauce, baked to bubbly perfection and topped with melted mozzarella cheese.



Eggplant Parmesan

\$15.99

Slices of breaded eggplant, fried to a golden crisp, layered with marinara sauce, mozzarella, and Parmesan cheese, then baked until bubbly and served with spaghetti marinara.



Beverage

Classic Margarita	\$3.99
Mango Mocktail	\$2.99
Iced Caramel Macchiato	\$4.99
Green Tea Frappuccino	\$3.99
Pineapple Coconut Smoothie	\$5.99
Raspberry Mojito	\$3.99
Blackberry Ginger Sparkler	\$2.99

Dessert

Chocolate Mousse	\$5.99
Apple Pie	\$7.99
Strawberry Shortcake	\$6.99
Fruit Tart	\$5.99
Tiramisu	\$8.99
Chocolate Lava Cake	\$6.99
Cheesecake	\$5.99

DECISIONS IN SEQUENTIAL ORDER

1. Invasive vs. Non-invasive
2. Ventilator availability (i.e., type, model, brand)
3. Mode of PPV & Breath Type/s Needed
4. Primary Settings (main control variables: volume or pressure, etc.)
5. Secondary Settings ('boutique' settings, 'fine tune' parameters)
6. Alarm Settings



RESPIRATORY
THERAPIST

2 Main Categories of Settings

Most Important, Need to Set:

? **Mode Type**

- ? Mandatory, Spontaneous or Hybrid
- ? Target Variable
 - ? Volume, Pressure or Hybrid

? **Main Settings**

- ? V_T , PC level
- ? RR, FiO₂, PEEP, I:E (or I-time)
- ? Trigger Type/Sensitivity
- ? Inspiratory Flow Pattern (?)

Less Important, Need to Set(?)

? **Inspiratory Phase**

- ? *Example*: Rise Time

? **Pressure Support-Related**

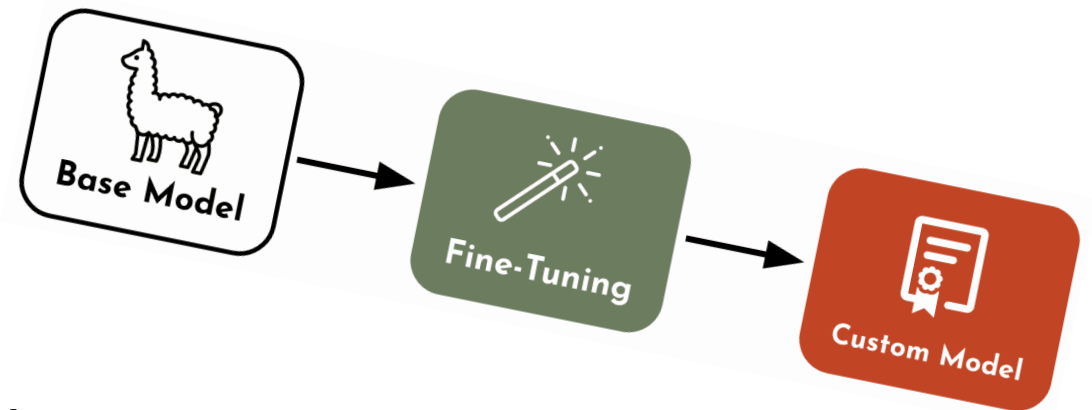
- ? *Example*: Cycle Off (%)

Non-traditional Settings

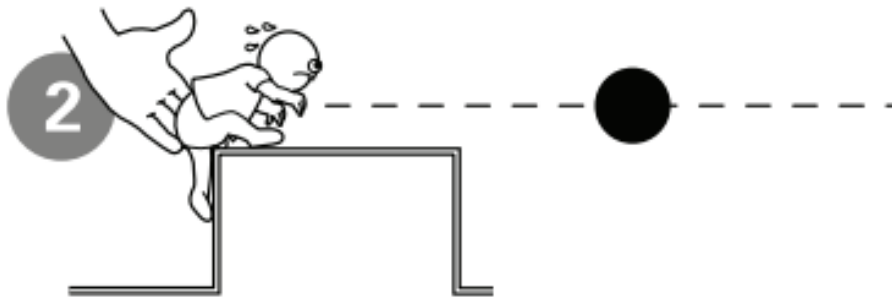
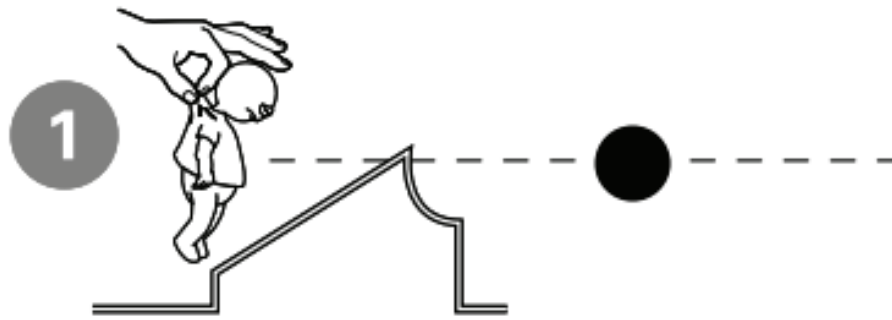
- aka. “Boutique” or “Fine Tune” settings
 - “Tailored” settings

Function/Purpose:

1. Manipulate breath delivery
2. Enhance patient comfort
3. Prevent and/or “treat” asynchrony



6.1.3 Scope - ventilatory needs



The ventilator can be used for:

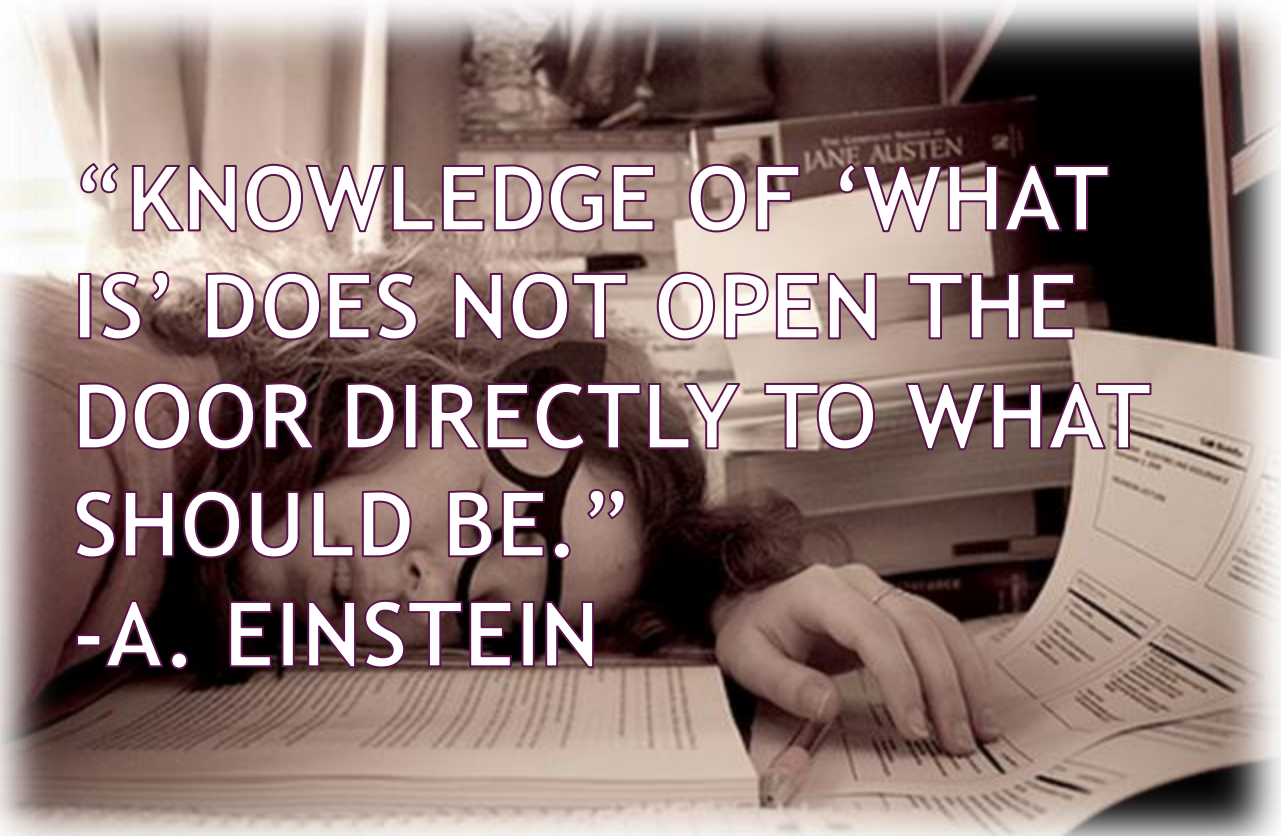
1. controlled ventilation
2. supported ventilation, or
3. spontaneous breathing/CPAP

Friendly Reminder:

**Everyone is different in many ways, size, shapes...
preferences...**

So, why would anyone think we all breathe exactly the same?



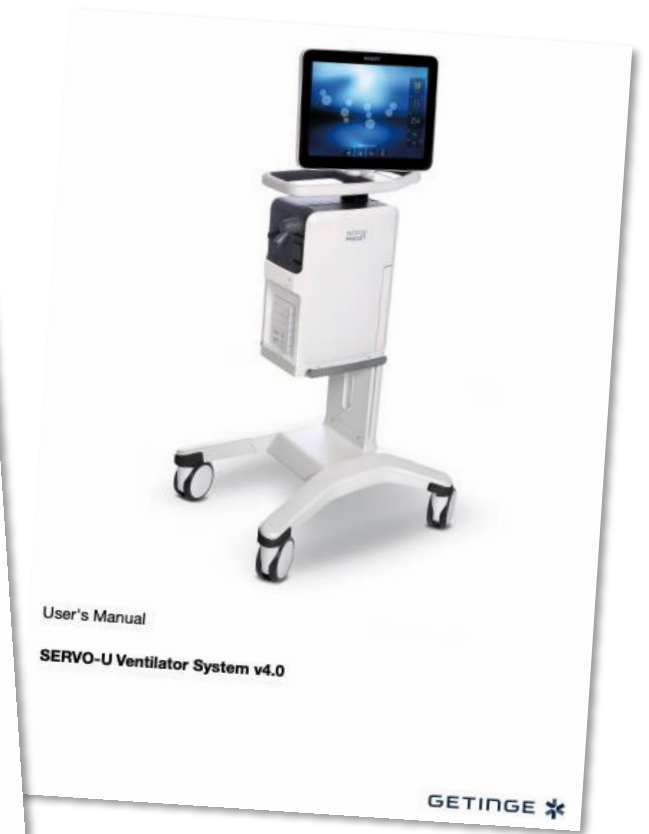
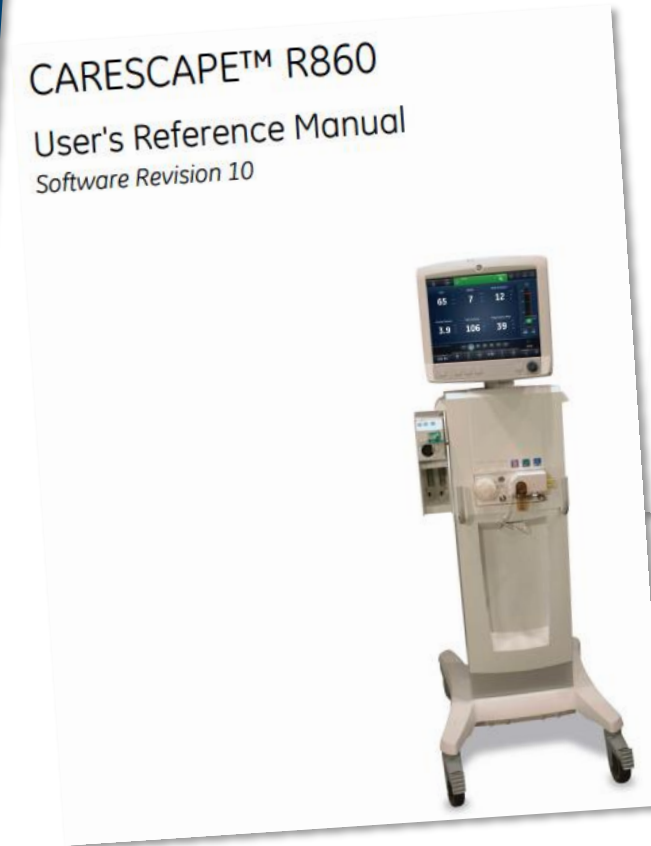
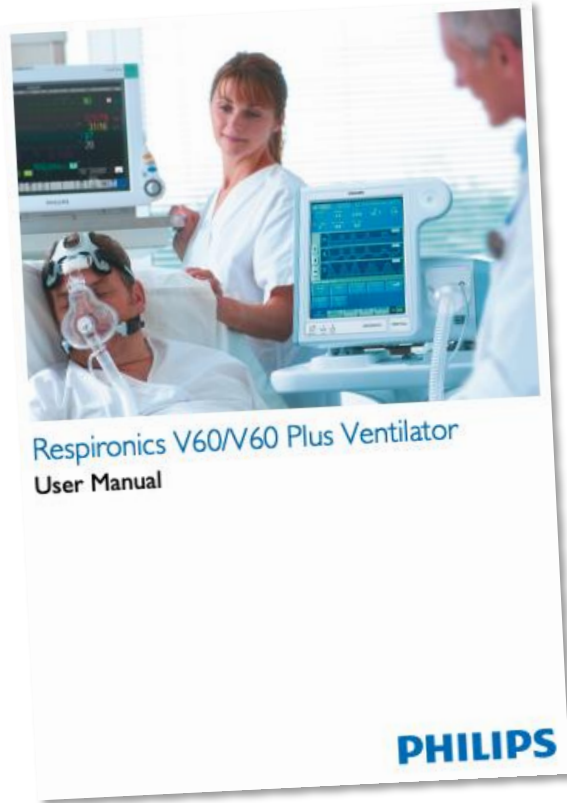
A woman with glasses is sitting at a desk in a library, reading a book. There are other books on the desk, including one titled "JANE AUSTEN".

“KNOWLEDGE OF ‘WHAT IS’ DOES NOT OPEN THE DOOR DIRECTLY TO WHAT SHOULD BE.”
-A. EINSTEIN

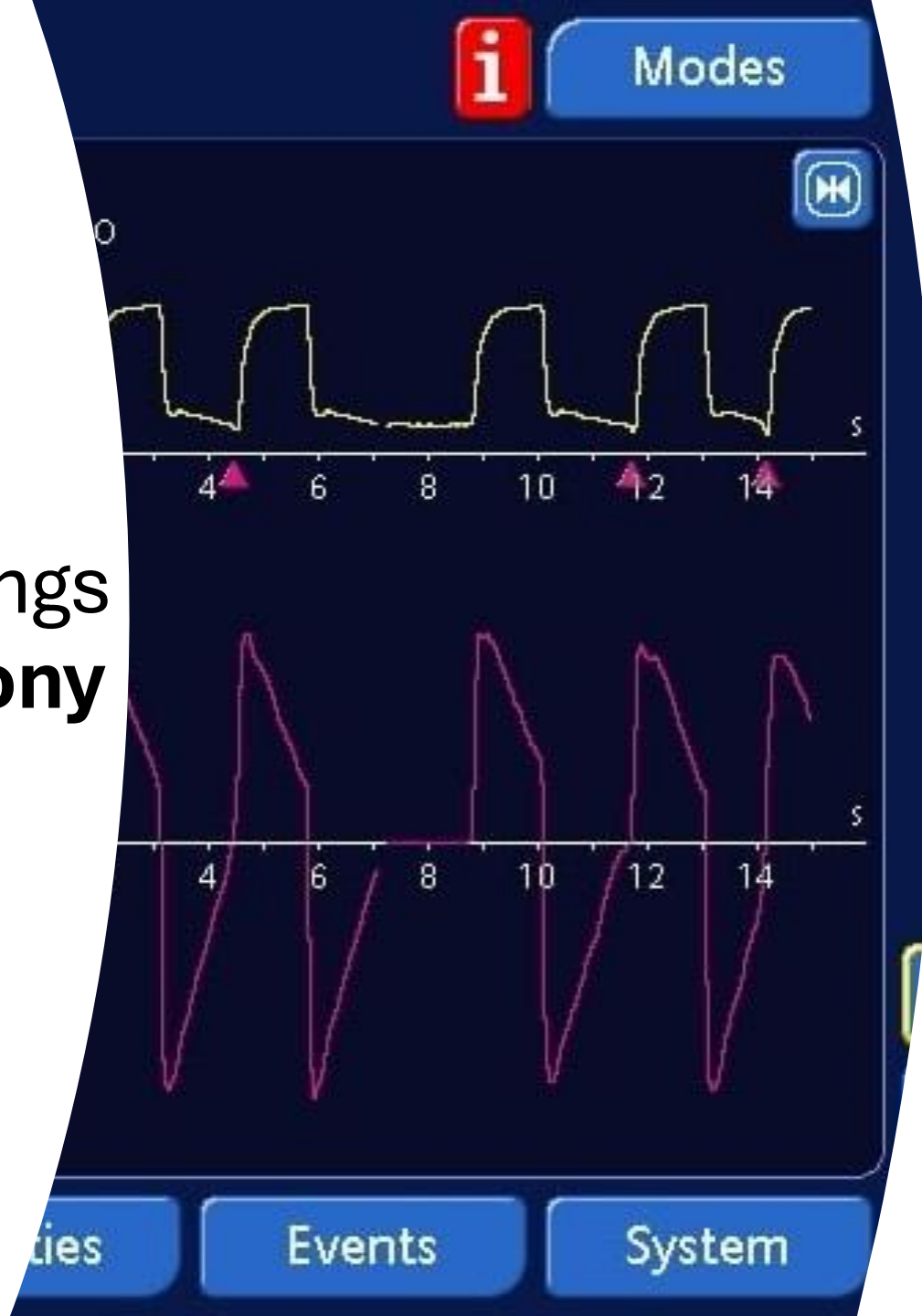
A man in a suit is smiling next to a rotisserie oven containing two large roasted chickens. A large red X is drawn over the text "SET IT & FORGET IT!".

~~“SET IT & FORGET IT!”~~

Don't Forget the User Manual



Examples of “Boutique” Settings (Patient **Synchrony** Settings)



- End Inspiration
- Inspiratory Rise Time
- PS Rise Time
- Pressure Rise Time
- Expiratory Trigger
- Pressure Support Time
- Trigger Window
- Pressure Max
- Pressure Limit
- Inspiratory Pause

“End Inspiration”

- aka. Inspiratory Cycle Off (%)
- aka. Expiratory trigger
 - Flow is applied, until...

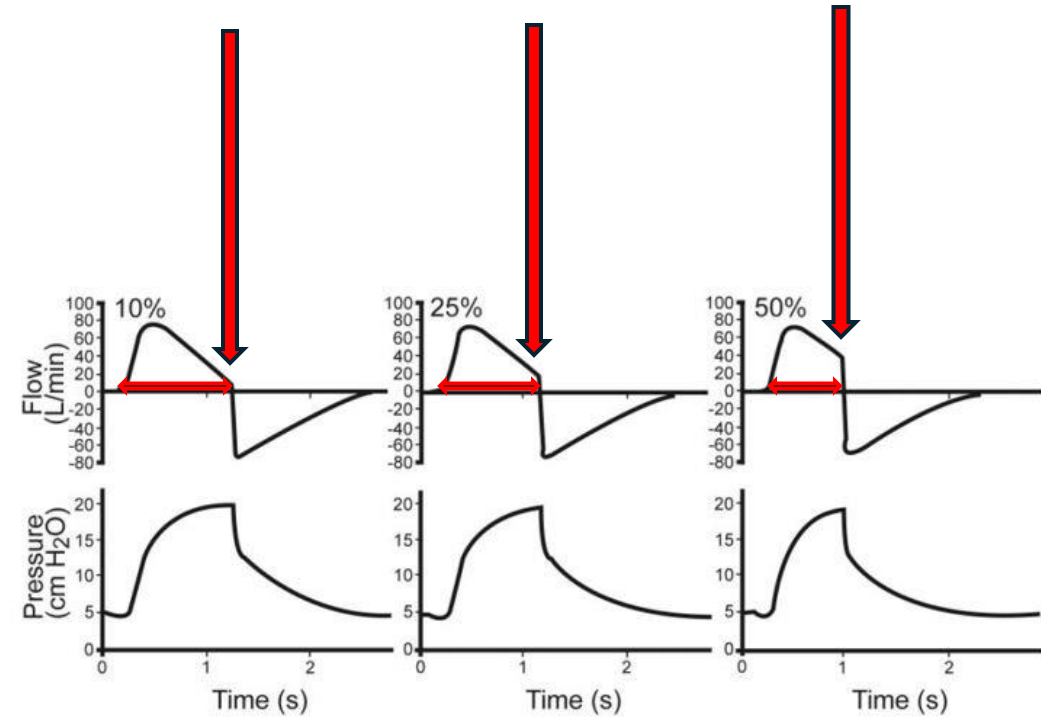
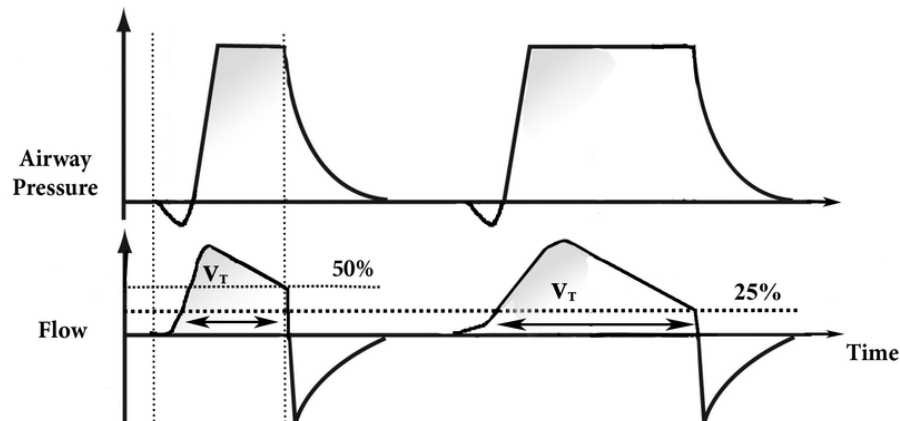
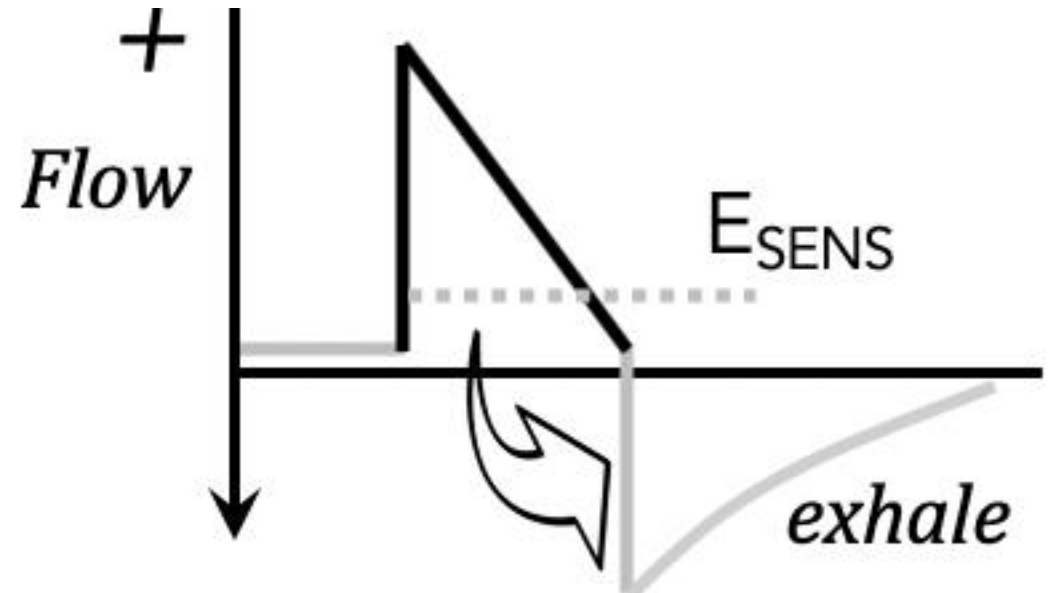


Fig. 3. Lung model waveforms with flow cycling at 10%, 25%, and 50%, with a Puritan Bennett 840 ventilator set on pressure support 15 cm H₂O and PEEP of 5 cm H₂O. The lung model settings were resistance 5 cm H₂O/L/s, compliance 0.05 L/cm H₂O. (Adapted from Reference 19.)

Gentile, Michael A. "Cycling of the mechanical ventilator breath." *Respiratory care* 56.1 (2011): 52-60.

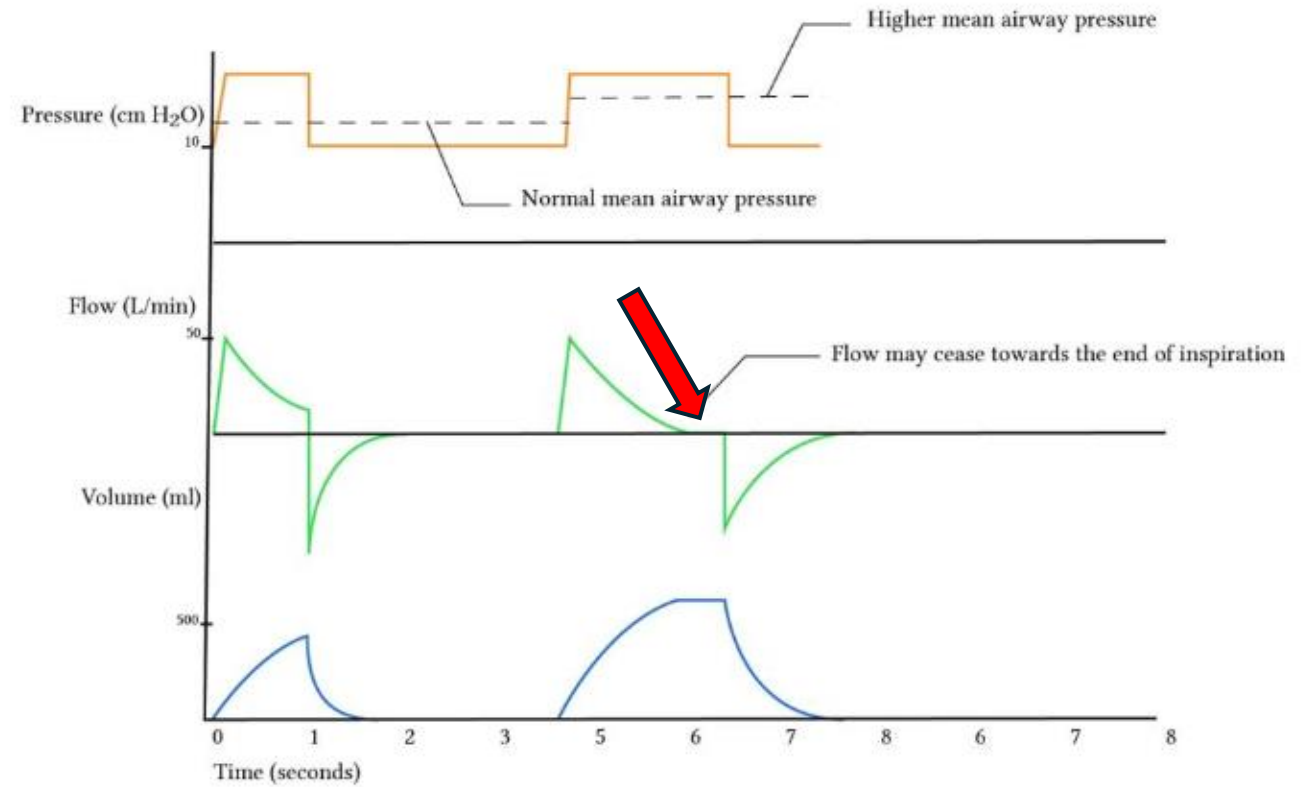
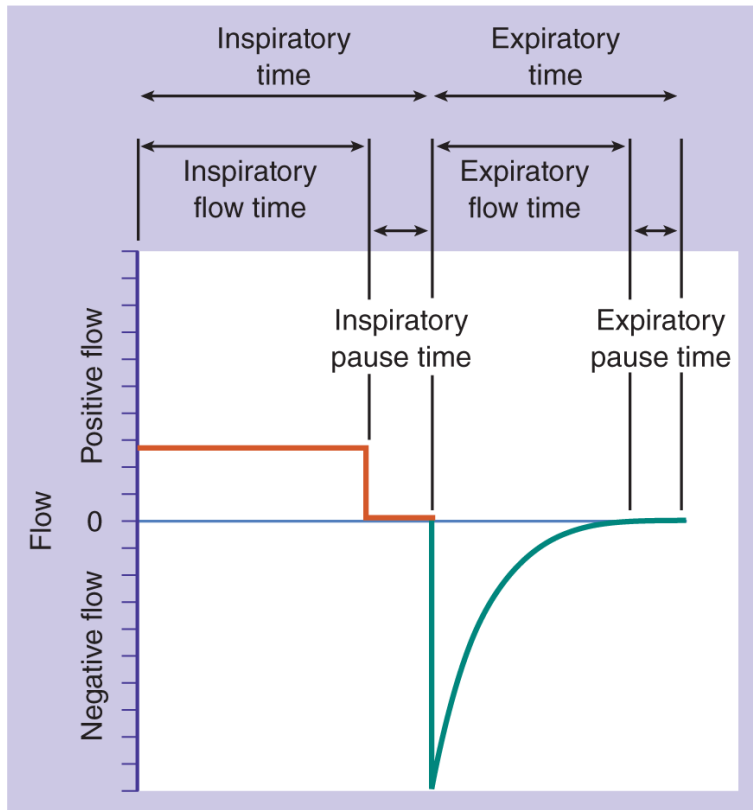
Expiratory Sensitivity

PS	\dot{V} -TRIG	3.0 kg
P_{SUPP} 0 $\text{cm H}_2\text{O}$	\dot{V}_{SENS} 2.4 $\frac{\text{L}}{\text{min}}$	O_2 40 %
	E_{SENS} 25 %	PEEP 3.0 $\text{cm H}_2\text{O}$



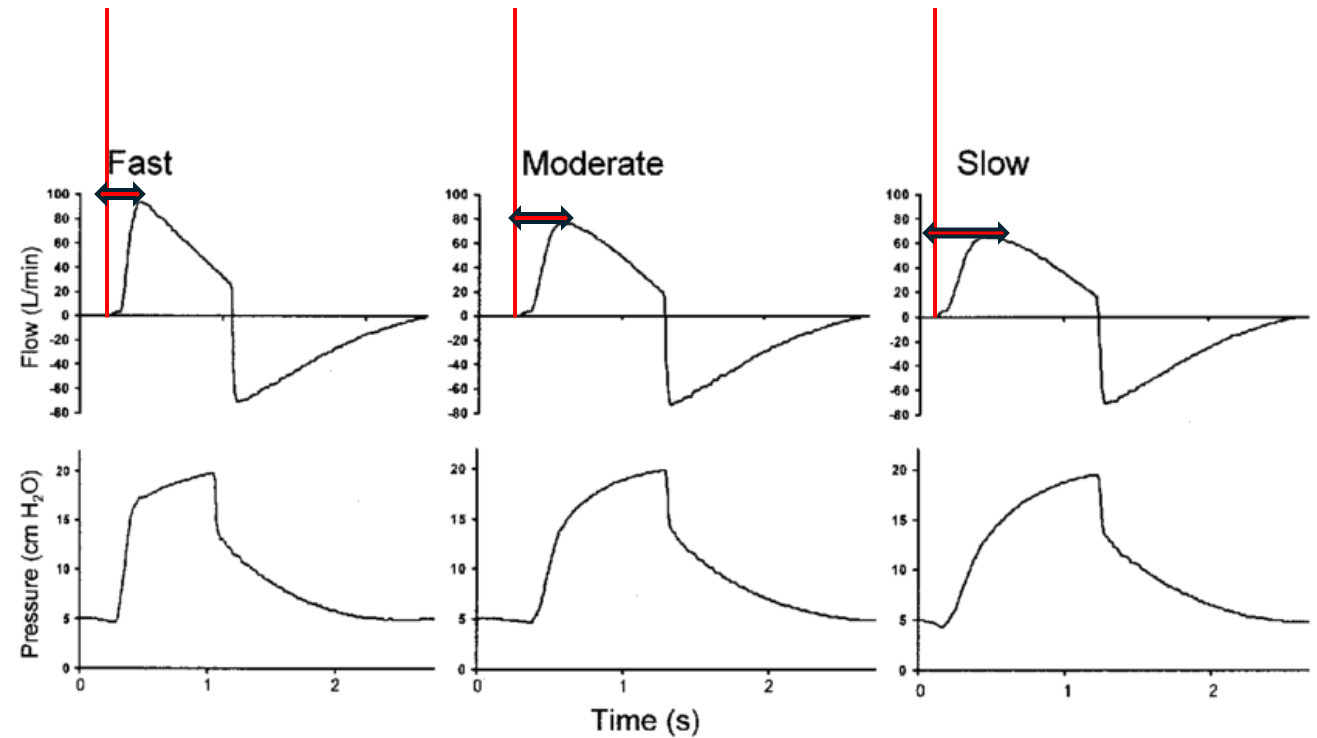
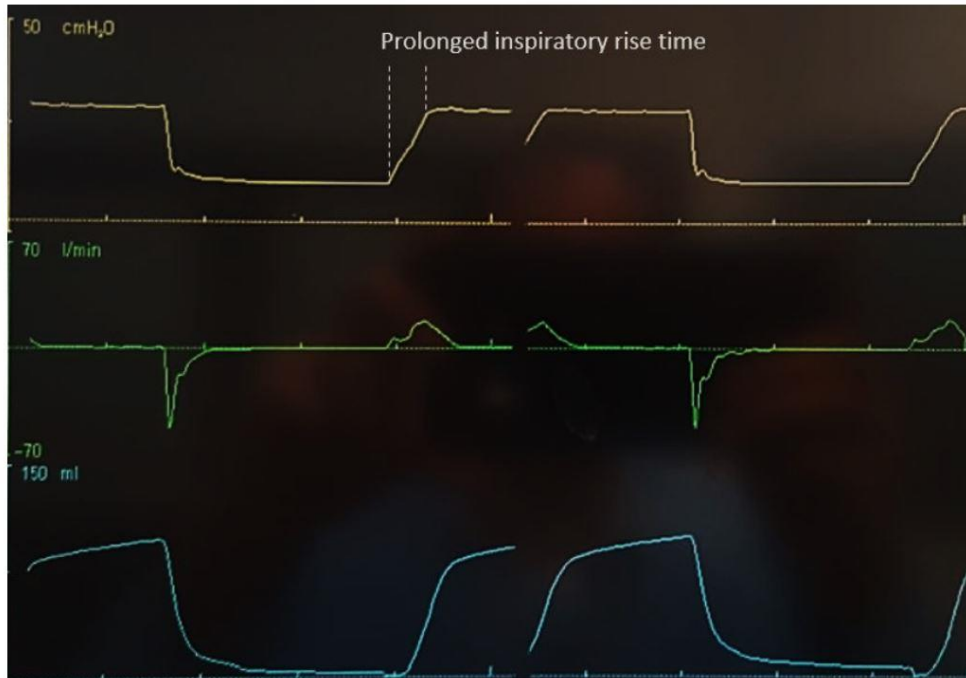
Inspiratory Pause

- aka. Inspiratory hold time



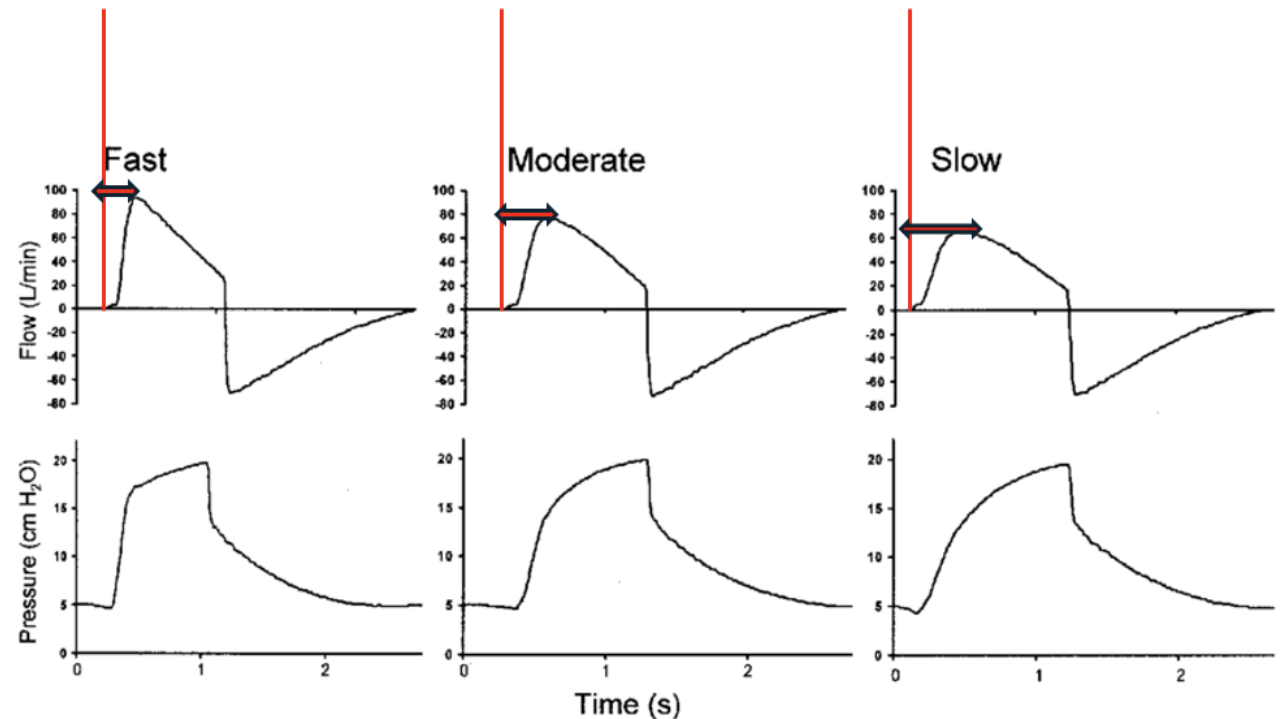
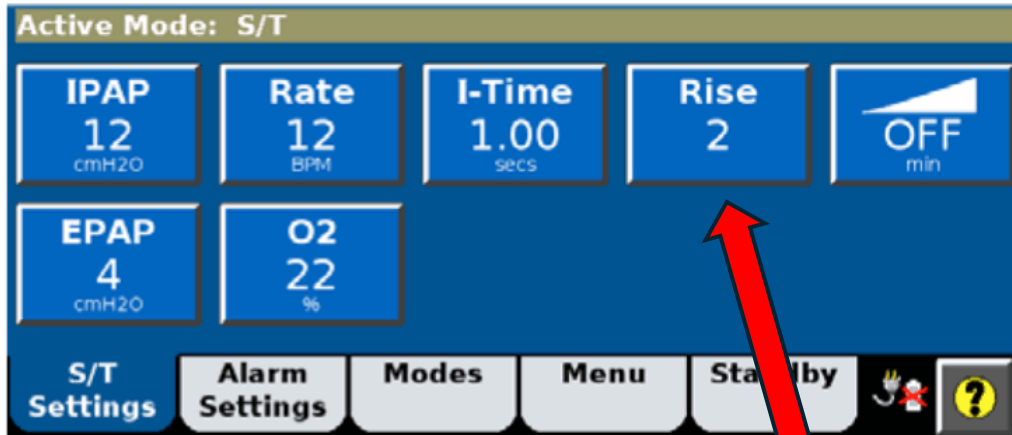
Inspiratory Rise Time

- Delay to peak flow
 - Peak flow delayed until...



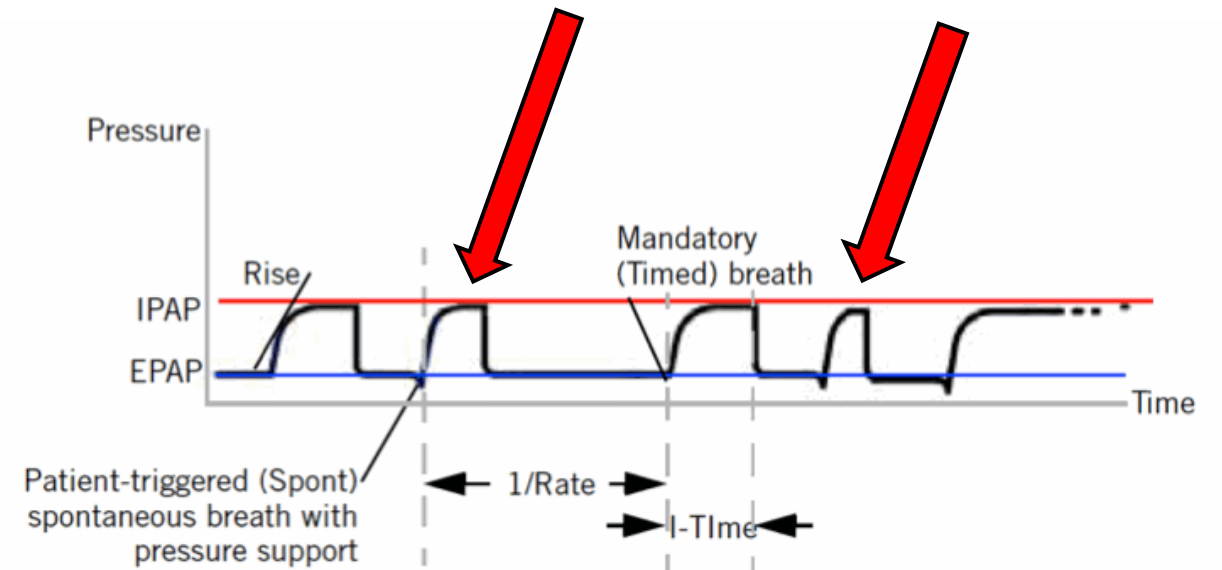
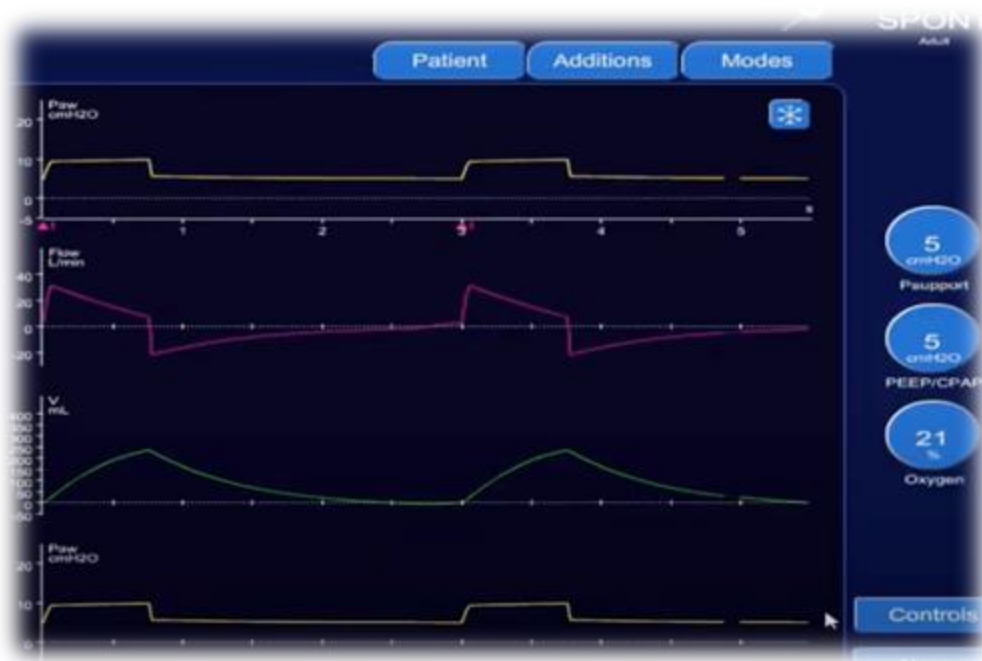
Pressure Support Rise Time

- Same as inspiratory rise time, but only activated during spontaneous, pressure-supported breaths
 - Peak flow delayed until...



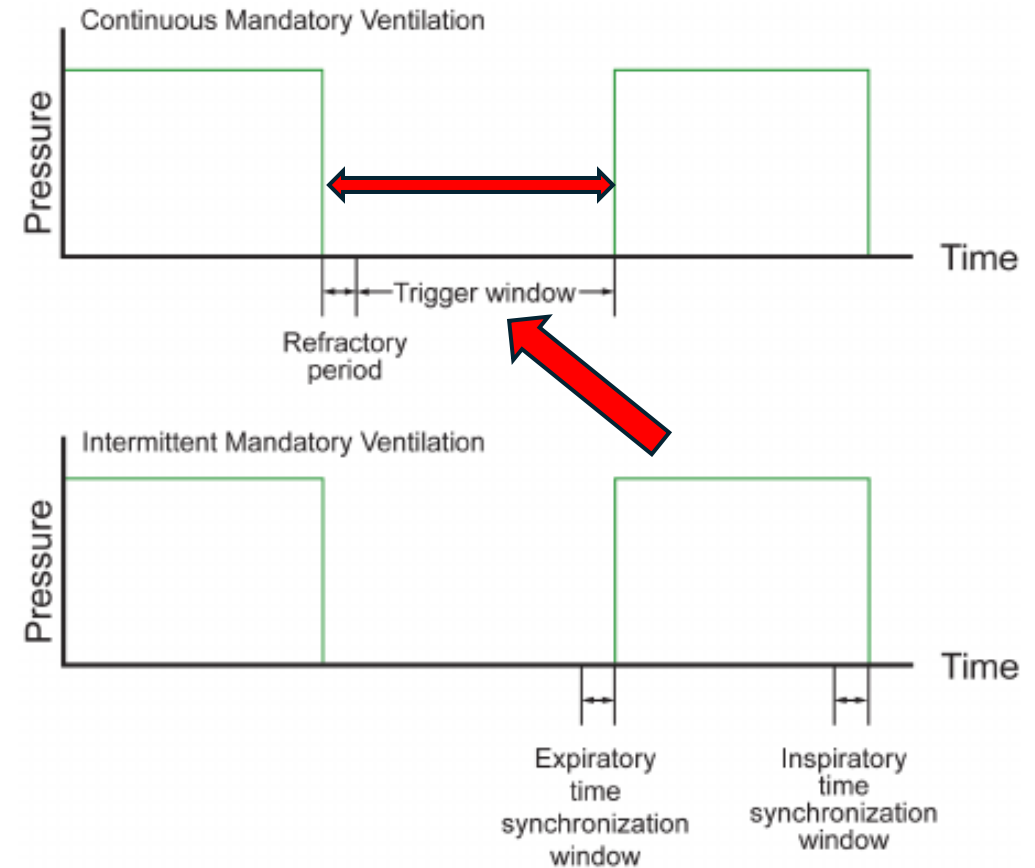
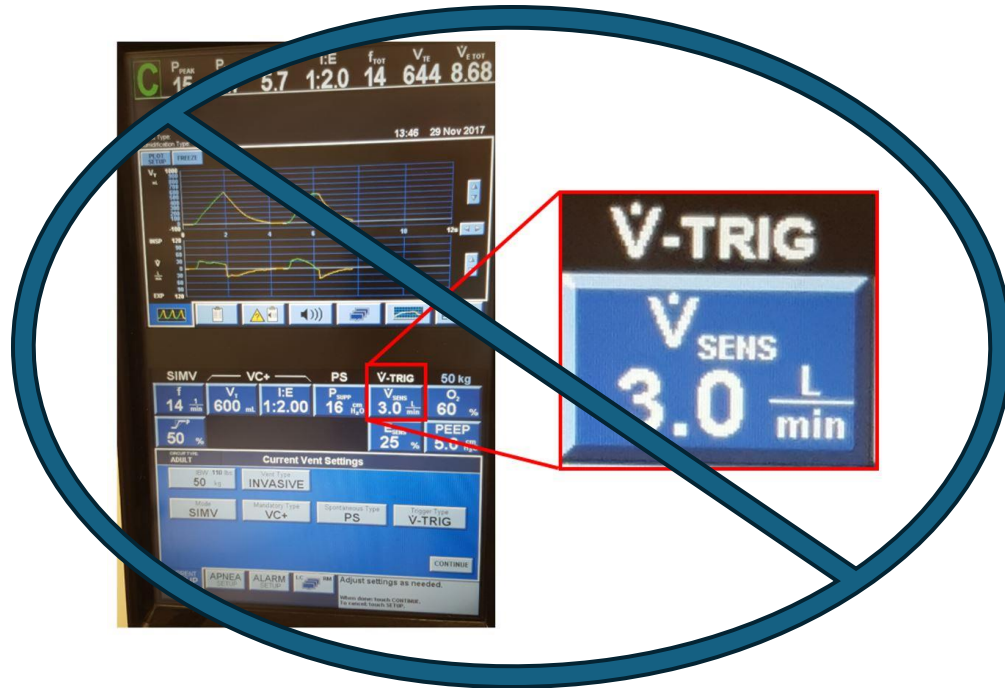
Pressure Support Time

- Spontaneous 'set' I-time during use of pressure support



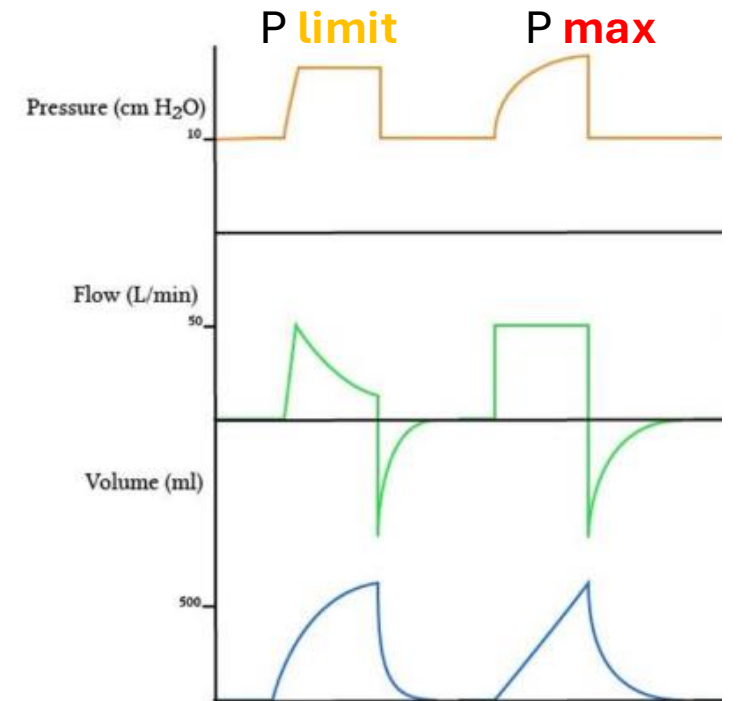
Trigger Window

- aka. Patient “window of opportunity”
 - Patient can trigger a spontaneous breath



Pressure **Limit** vs. Pressure **Max**

- P **limit** = pressure unable to exceed this level during inspiration
 - Forced plateau pressure
- P **max** = pressure at which force cycling occurs
 - Peak pressure cut off



Some practice...



- Your patient is displaying asynchrony, appearing to attempt expiration while inspiration is still ongoing
- Your patient seems to spasmodically cough or grimace for a short period immediately after the breath is triggered, occasionally force cycling at inspiration onset, immediately into expiration



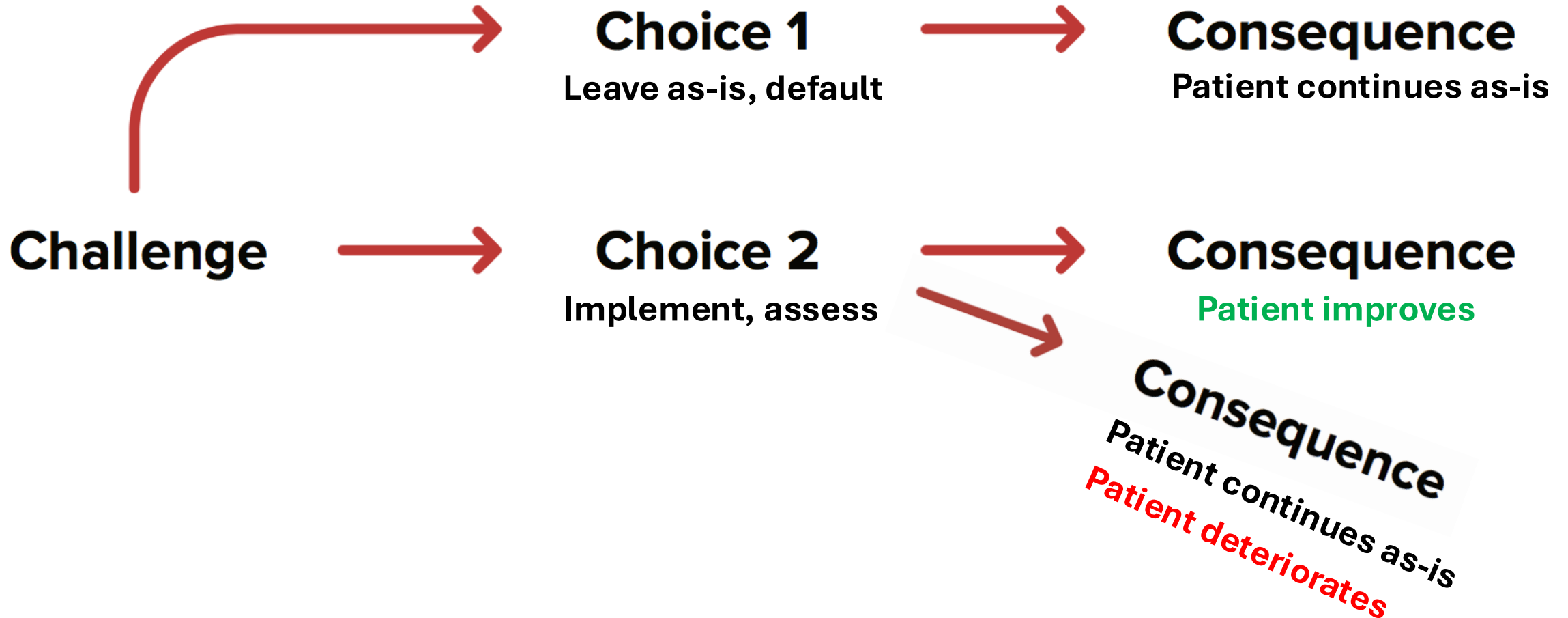
We're not that far...



Summary Considerations

- Most ventilator software generically defaults to 'safe' parameters for both main and 'boutique' settings
- Technically, non-traditional settings are not completely arbitrary/random and can influence the breath in a negative or positive manner

Do I Set/Adjust Boutique Settings?



Questions?

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